# The Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA)



## CORBA vs. Java RMI

- RMI is a proprietary facility and supports objects written in the Java programming langugage only
- CORBA is an architecture that was developed by the Object Management Group (OMG), an industrial consortium















#### CORBA object references

- A CORBA object reference is an abstract entity mapped to a language-specific object reference by an ORB, in a representation chosen by the developer of the ORB
- For interoperability, OMG specifies a protocol for the abstract CORBA object reference object, known as the *Interoperable Object Reference* (*IOR*) protocol

#### Interoperable Object Reference (IOR)

An IOR is a string that contains encoding for the following information:

- The type of the object
- The host where the object can be found
- The port number of the server for that object
- An object key, a string of bytes identifying the object, used by an object server to locate the object

#### **CORBA Naming Service**

- CORBA specifies a generic directory service. The *Naming Service* serves as a directory for CORBA objects
- The Naming Service allows names to be associated with object references

# **CORBA** Naming Service

- To export a distributed object, a CORBA object server contacts a Naming Service to bind a symbolic name to the object
- The Naming Service maintains a database of names and the objects associated with them.
- The Naming Service resolves an object name returning a reference to the object
- The API for the Naming Service is specified in interfaces defined in IDL





#### Interoperable Naming Service

- The Interoperable Naming Service (INS) is a URL-based naming system based on the CORBA Naming Service
- It allows applications to share a common initial naming context and provide a URL to access a CORBA object

#### **CORBA** Object Services

CORBA specifies services commonly needed in distributed applications

- Naming Service
- Concurrency Service
- Event Service
- Logging Service
- Scheduling Service
- Security Service
- Trading Service: for locating a service by the type (instead of by name)
- Time Service: a service for time-related events
- Notification Service
- Object Transaction Service





## The Portable Object Adapter

- There are different types of CORBA object adapters.
- The Portable Object Adapter, or POA, is a particular type of object adapter that is defined by the CORBA specification
- An object adapter that is a POA allows an object implementation to function with different ORBs



#### Java IDL – Java's CORBA facility

- IDL is part of the Java 2 Platform
- The Java IDL facility includes a CORBA Object Request Broker (ORB), an IDL-to-Java compiler, and a subset of CORBA standard services
- Java also provides a number of CORBAcompliant facilities, including *RMI over IIOP*, which allows a CORBA application to be written using the RMI syntax and semantics











# Hello.java

The signature interface file combines the characteristics of the Java operations interface (HelloOperations.java) with the characteristics of the CORBA classes that it extends (org.omg.CORBA.Object, org.omg.CORBA.portable.IDLEntity)



- The Java class HelloHelper provides auxiliary functionality needed to support a CORBA object in the context of the Java language
- In particular, a method, *narrow*, allows a CORBA object reference to be cast to its corresponding type in Java, so that a CORBA object may be operated on using syntax for Java object

# \_HelloStub.java

The Java class \_HelloStub is the stub file, which interfaces with the client object

It extends

org.omg.CORBA.portable.ObjectImpl and implements the *Hello.java* interface

# HelloPOA.java, the server skeleton

The Java class *HelloImpIPOA* is the skeleton combined with the portable object adapter



The servant
<pre>import org.omg.CosNaming.*; import org.omg.CORBA.ORB;</pre>
class HelloImpl extends HelloPOA {    private ORB orb;
<pre>public void setORB(ORB _orb) {    orb = _orb; }</pre>
<pre>public String sayHello() { return "Hello world !! "; }</pre>
<pre>public void shutdown() { orb.shutdown(false); } }</pre>

#### The server /1

```
import org.omg.CosNaming.*;
import org.omg.CORBA.ORB;
import org.omg.PortableServer.*;
public class HelloServer
{ public static void main(String args[])
      try
  {
      {
            ORB orb = ORB.init(args, null);
            POA rootpoa = (POA)orb.resolve_initial
                  references("RootPOA");
            rootpoa.the POAManager().activate();
            HelloImpl helloImpl = new HelloImpl();
            helloImpl.setORB(orb);
            org.omg.CORBA.Object ref = rootpoa.servant_
                  to reference(helloImpl);
            Hello href = HelloHelper.narrow(ref);
            [...]
```

```
The server /2
  org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef =
     orb.resolve_initial_references("NameService");
  NamingContextExt ncRef =
     NamingContextExtHelper.narrow(objRef);
  String name = "Hello";
  NameComponent path[] = ncRef.to_name( name );
  ncRef.rebind(path, href);
  System.out.println("HelloServer ready
     and waiting ...");
  orb.run();
  }
  catch(Exception e)
     System.out.println(e);
  ł
  ł
} // main
} // class
```



```
The object client /2
import org.omg.CosNaming.*;
import org.omg.CORBA.ORB;
public class HelloClient
{ static Hello helloImpl;
  public static void main(String args[])
  {
     try
      {
           ORB orb = ORB.init(args, null);
            org.omg.CORBA.Object objRef =
           orb.resolve_initial_references(
                  "NameService");
           NamingContextExt ncRef =
                 NamingContextExtHelper.narrow(
                  objRef);
           helloImpl = HelloHelper.narrow(
                 ncRef.resolve_str("Hello"));
            [...]
```





